## APPENDIX E AIR RESOURCES INFORMATION

In Washington, the state standards are equivalent to the federal standards in most cases, but more stringent in some instances. Notably, state and federal standards differ on total suspended particulate (TSP) concentrations. The federal standard for TSP was eliminated several years ago when a standard referred to as PM10 was implemented. The PM10 standard is based upon the fraction of total particulates less than 10 microns in diameter. The federal government felt the new PM10 standard was a more accurate measure of the health effects and visibility degradation associated with suspended particles. Washington, however, did not repeal the TSP standard.

Some of the federally-defined "criteria" listed in Table E-1 are subject to both primary and secondary standards. Primary standards are designed to protect health with an adequate margin of safety, while secondary standards are established to protect the public welfare from any known or anticipated effects associated with these pollutants, such as soiling, corrosion, or vegetation damage.

Table E-2 shows estimated CO concentrations for the base year of 1990. These calculations were done for nine intersections in the south Lake Union area as part of the Seattle Commons EIS. The 8-hour NAAQS for CO is 9 ppm and the 1-hour NAAQS for CO is 35 ppm. As shown in the table, predicted average CO concentrations (1990 base year) consistently exceed the 8-hour NAAQS for CO; the intersection of Mercer Street and Westlake exceeds the 1-hour NAAQS for CO.

Table E-1 Ambient Air Quality Standards

| Notice of Dollatons  | EPA      | <u>Ecology</u> | PSAPCA<br>State         | PSAPCA<br>Saattle       |
|--|----------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| National Pollutant   | Primary  | Secondary      | State                   | Seattle                 |
| Total Suspended Particulates (TSP)   |          |                |                         |                         |
| Annual geometric mean  |          |                | $60  \mu \text{g/m}^3$  | $60  \mu \text{g/m}^3$  |
| Maximum 24-hour concentration (not to be exceeded more than once annually) |          |                | $150  \mu \text{g/m}^3$ | $150  \mu \text{g/m}^3$ |
| Sulfur Dioxide   |          |                |                         |                         |
| Annual geometric mean  | 0.03 ppm |                | 0.02 ppm                | 0.02 ppm                |
| 30-day average (never to be exceeded)                                      |          |                |                         | 0.04 ppm                |
| Maximum 24-hour concentration (not to be exceeded more than once annually) | 0.14 ppm |                | 0.1 ppm                 |                         |
| Maximum 24-hour concentration (never to be exceeded)                       |          |                |                         | 0.10 ppm                |
| Maximum 3-hour concentration (not to be exceeded more than once annually)  |          | 0.5 ppm        |                         |                         |
| One-hour average (not to be exceeded more than twice per week)             |          |                | 0.25 ppm                | 0.25 ppm                |
| One-hour average (not to be exceeded more than once annually)              |          |                | 0.4 ppm                 |                         |
| One-hour average (never to be exceeded)                                    |          |                |                         | 0.4 ppm                 |
| Five-minute average (not to be exceeded more than once in eight hours)     |          |                |                         | 1.0 ppm                 |

Notes: ppm = parts per million

 $\mu g/m^3 = micrograms \ per \ cubic \ meter$ 

Sources: PSAPCA Regulation 1, General Requirements (PSAPCA 1989).

40 CFR Part 50, National Ambient Air Quality Standards (EPA 1988).

WAC 173-470, 173-474 (Ecology 1987).

Table E-2 **Estimated Average Carbon Monoxide Concentrations** for South Lake Union Intersections

(1990 base year)

|                                    | 8-Hour CO           | 1-Hour CO           |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Intersection Evaluated             | Concentration (ppm) | Concentration (ppm) |  |
| Denny Way at Dexter Avenue         | 14.6                | 20.9                |  |
| Harrison Street at Westlake Avenue | 10.2                | 14.6                |  |
| Harrison Street at Fairview Avenue | 10.7                | 15.3                |  |
| Mercer Street at Dexter Avenue     | 22.0                | 31.4                |  |
| Mercer Street at Westlake Avenue   | 26.3                | 37.5                |  |
| Mercer Street at Fairview Avenue   | 22.3                | 31.9                |  |
| Roy Street at Dexter Avenue        | 12.1                | 17.3                |  |
| Broad Street at Ninth Avenue       | 19.0                | 27.1                |  |

ppm = parts per million CO = carbon monoxide Notes:

Source: NBBJ 1995.